



The X,Y,Z states from lattice QCD: progress and prospects

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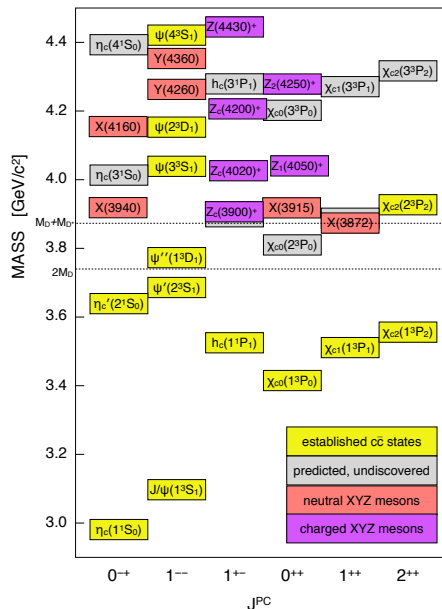


POETIC, Temple University, November 2016

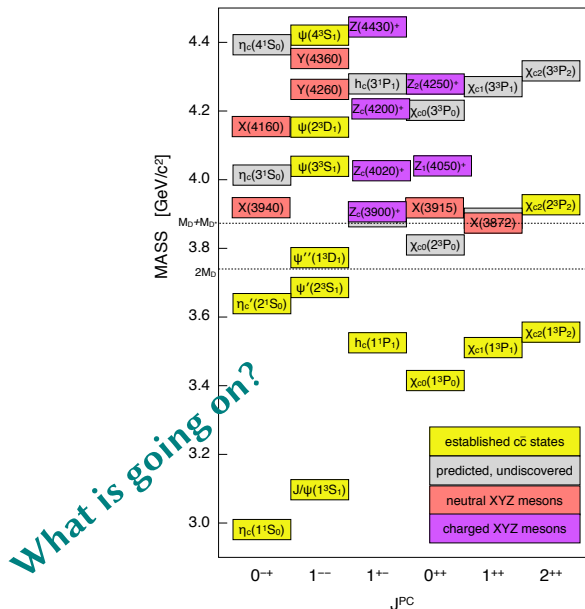
OUTLINE

- Introduction and motivation
- Benchmark calculations - do we get the right answers?
- Making predictions and understanding new puzzles
 - going beyond ground state spectroscopy
 - going beyond bound states to resonances and scattering states and the XYZs
- Recent and very recent results
- Lattice and experimental prospects. A role for the EIC?

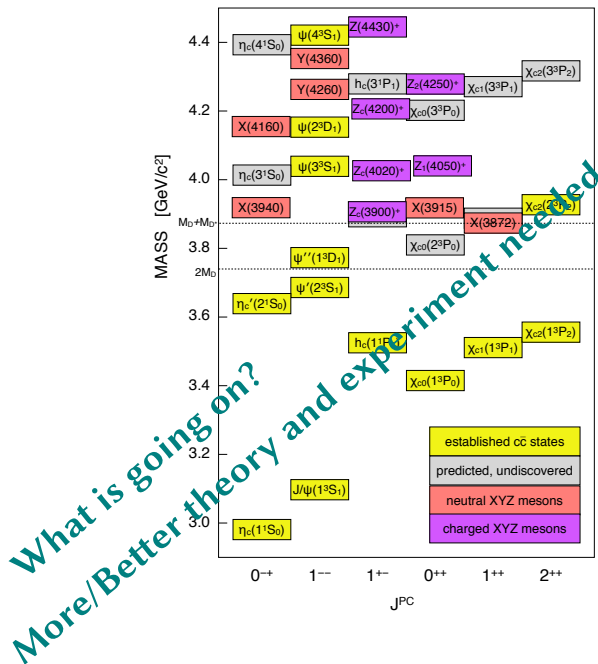
MOTIVATION - A CHARM REVOLUTION



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A LATTICE QCD PRIMER

Start from the QCD Lagrangian:

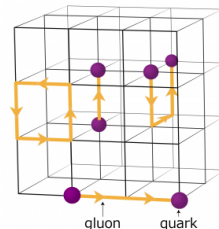
$$\mathcal{L} = \bar{\Psi} (i\gamma^\mu D_\mu - m) \Psi - \frac{1}{4} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$$

Gluon fields on links of a hypercube;

Quark fields on sites: approaches to fermion discretisation -

Wilson, Staggered, Overlap;

Derivatives \rightarrow finite differences.



Solve the QCD path integral on a finite lattice with spacing $a \neq 0$ estimated stochastically by Monte Carlo. Can only be done effectively in a Euclidean space-time metric (no useful importance sampling weight for the theory in Minkowski space).

Observables determined from (Euclidean) path integrals of the QCD action

$$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle = 1/Z \int \mathcal{D}U \mathcal{D}\bar{\Psi} \mathcal{D}\Psi \mathcal{O}[U, \bar{\Psi}, \Psi] e^{-S[U, \bar{\Psi}, \Psi]}$$

A RECIPE FOR (MESON) SPECTROSCOPY

- Construct a basis of local and non-local operators $\bar{\Psi}(x)\Gamma D_i D_j \dots \Psi(x)$ from *distilled* fields [\[PRD80 \(2009\) 054506\]](#).
- Build a correlation matrix of two-point functions

$$C_{ij} = \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger | 0 \rangle = \sum_n \frac{Z_i^n Z_j^{n\dagger}}{2E_n} e^{-E_n t}$$

- Ground state mass from fits to $e^{-E_n t}$
- Beyond ground state: Solve generalised eigenvalue problem $C_{ij}(t) v_j^{(n)} = \lambda^{(n)}(t) C_{ij}(t_0) v_j^{(n)}$

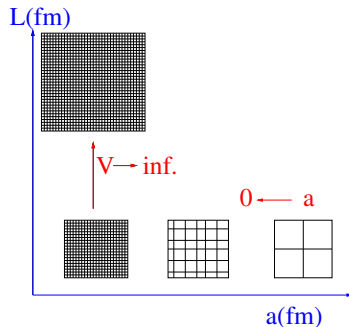
- eigenvalues: $\lambda^{(n)}(t) \sim e^{-E_n t} [1 + O(e^{-\Delta E t})]$ - principal correlator
- eigenvectors: related to overlaps $Z_i^{(n)} = \sqrt{2E_n} e^{E_n t_0/2} v_j^{(n)\dagger} C_{ji}(t_0)$

Some Compromises and their Consequences
for spectroscopy

1. Working in a finite box at finite grid spacing

- Identify a “scaling window” where physics doesn’t change with a or V . Recover continuum QCD by extrapolation.

A costly procedure but a regular feature in lattice calculations now



2. Simulating at physical quark masses

- Computational cost grows rapidly with decreasing quark mass $\rightarrow m_q = m_{u,d}$ costly. Care needed vis location of decay thresholds and identification of resonances.
- Heavy quarks: c-quark relativistically; b-quark with EFTs.

Physical light quark simulations possible. Heavy quark systematics understood.



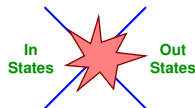
Use lattice simulations to study *quark mass dependence*!

2. Breaking symmetry



- Lorentz symmetry broken at $a \neq 0$ so $SO(4)$ rotation group broken to discrete rotation group of a hypercube.

Spin identification at finite lattice spacing: 0707.4162, 1204.5425



3. Working in Euclidean time.

- Scattering matrix elements not directly accessible from Euclidean QFT [*Maiani-Testa theorem*].

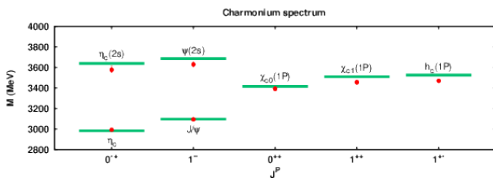
Lüscher and generalisations of method for indirect access.

**Benchmark Spectroscopy:
states below strong decay thresholds**

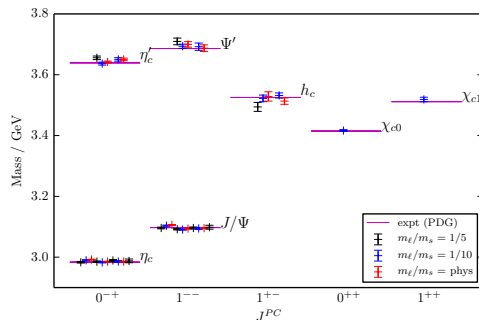
CHARMONIUM BELOW THRESHOLD - “GOLD-PLATED”

- $N_f = 2, 2 + 1, 2 + 1 + 1$
- Different actions in agreement. High statistics and improved actions.
- Simulation at m_q^{phys} or extrapolation $m_q \rightarrow m_q^{\text{phys}}$.
- Discretisation errors $\mathcal{O}(am_c)$ and $\mathcal{O}(am_b)$ under control.

Perez-Rubio, Collins, Bali 1503.08440



Charmonium, HPQCD 1411.1318



No disconnected diagrams: OZI suppressed - assumed to be small

⇒ mixing with lighter states not included. Kicking this can of worms down the road!

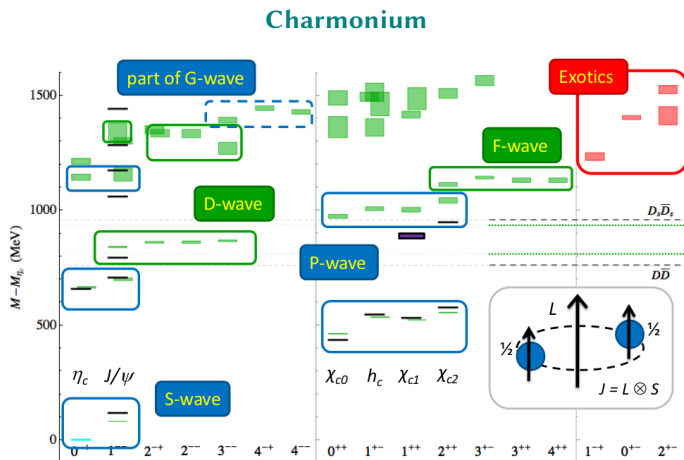
**Beyond benchmark spectroscopy:
excited and exotic states**

SINGLE HADRON STATES: ABOVE THRESHOLD

Precision calculation of high spin ($J \geq 2$) and exotic states is relatively new

Caveat Emptor

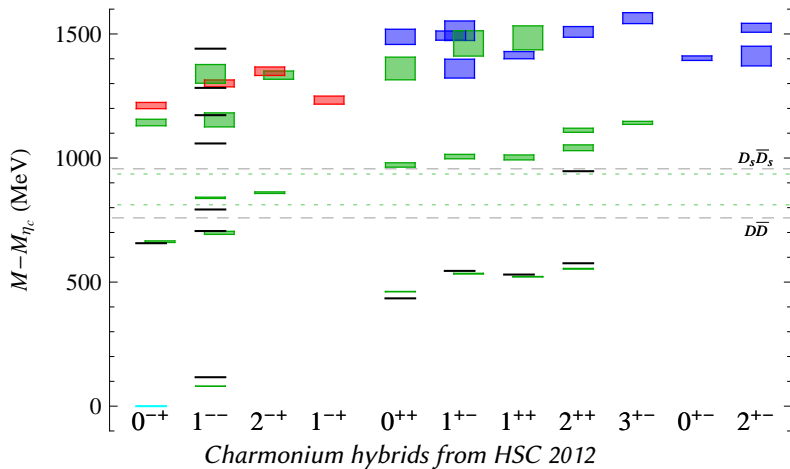
- Only single-hadron operators
- Physics of multi-hadron states appears to need relevant operators
- No continuum extrapolation
- $M_\pi \sim 400\text{MeV}$. With $M_\pi = 230\text{MeV}$ [arXiv:1610.01073](https://arxiv.org/abs/1610.01073) no change to pattern of states



Hadron Spectrum Collab. 2012

→ Expect improvements now methods established

HYBRIDS

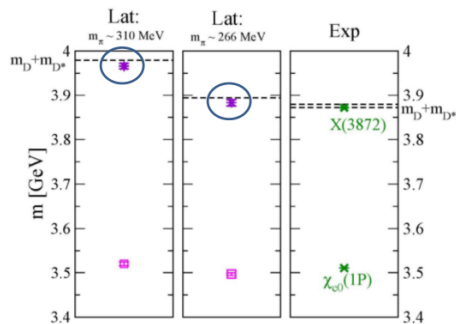


- **Lightest hybrid supermultiplet** and **excited hybrid supermultiplet**. Includes **exotic** $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}, 0^{+-}, 2^{+-}$.
- Exotic J^{PC} not accessible in e^+e^- but could be studied in photoproduction (EIC?) and in $p\bar{p}$ annihilation (PANDA@GSI).

**Spectroscopy above decay thresholds
some examples from the XYZs**

X(3872) - A FIRST LOOK (NO COUPLED CHANNELS)

Prelovsek & Leskovec 1307.5172



ground state: $\chi_{c1}(1P)$

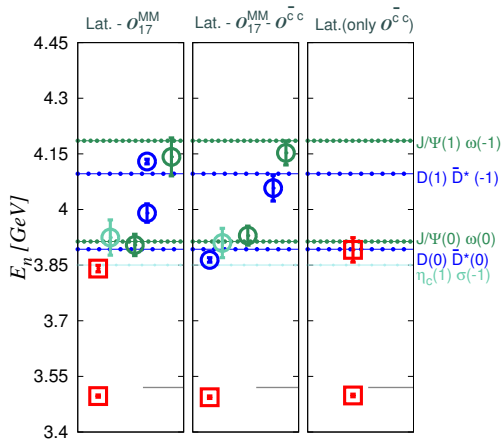
$D\bar{D}^*$ scattering mx: pole just below thr.

Location of thr., finite vol effects controlled?

Also results from Lee et al 1411.1389

Within 1MeV of $D^0\bar{D}^{0*}$ and 8MeV of D^+D^{*+} thresholds: isospin breaking effects important?

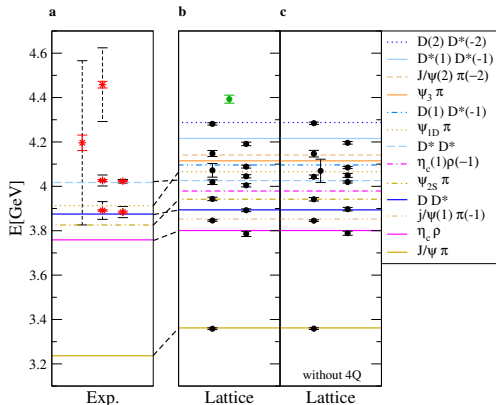
Padmanath, Lang, Prelovsek 1503.03257



X(3872) not found if $c\bar{c}$ not in basis.

Z_c^+ - FIRST LOOK ON THE LATTICE (NO COUPLED CHANNELS)

Manifestly exotic hadron i.e. does not fit in the quark model picture.



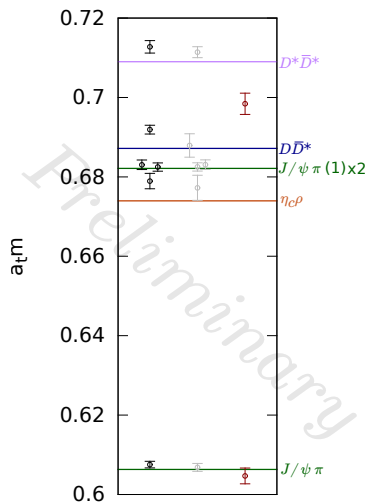
Prelovsek, Lang, Leskovec, Mohler: 1405.7615

- 13 expected 2-meson e' states found (black)
- no additional state below 4.2GeV
- no Z_c^+ candidate below 4.2GeV

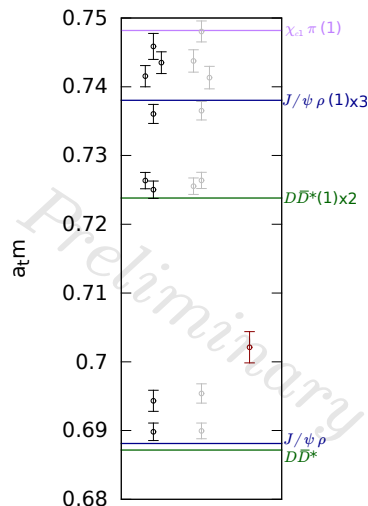
Similar conclusion from Lee et al [1411.1389] and Chen et al [1403.1318]

Why no eigenstate for Z_c ? Is Z_c^+ a coupled channel effect? Work needed!

RECENT (PRELIMINARY) WORK - CHARM TETRAQUARKS



only tetraquark ops
only meson-meson
ops
full basis of ops
from G.Cheung,
HadSpec



$I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^+(1^{+-})$: No candidate state
for Z_c^+ found.

Charged $X(3872)$ in $I = 1, \bar{c}c\bar{d}u$?
No candidate state seen. **BUT** Isospin
breaking and unstable ρ not included.

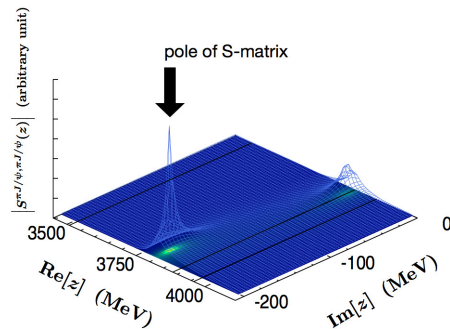
OTHER RECENT WORK: Z_c^+

A coupled-channel analysis by HAL QCD[1602.03465].

$$\pi J/\psi - \rho \eta_c - \bar{D} D^*$$

Challenges:

- The Z_c^+ (as other XYZ states) lies above several thresholds and so decays to several two-meson final states
- Requires a coupled-channel analysis for a rigorous treatment
- On lattice the number of relevant coupled-channels is large for high energies.



- Potential method, not robustly tested.
- Suggest Z_c^+ a threshold cusp.

Other lattice results are needed to test this result



PROSPECTS FOR CHARMONIUM PHYSICS

- There have been many “first looks” at exotic, XYZ charmonium states in 2012-2015.
- The existing framework for two coupled channel analysis provides a path forward to study these states in more realistic scenarios.
- The first coupled channel study with charm quarks, by HadSpec, described in [JHEP 1610 \(2016\) 011](#). Similar studies for $c\bar{c}$ planned.
- Charmonium radiative transitions also underway. Note resonant amplitudes also now studied: $\pi^+\gamma \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0$ in [\[Briceño et al, HadSpec 1604.03530\]](#).
- Studies of $X(5568)$ in $B_s\pi$ [\[PRD 94 \(2016\) 074509\]](#) and revisiting pentaquarks underway [\[Prelovsek et al\]](#).

Challenges remain

- **technical challenges remain - memory requirements!**
- Proliferation of coupled channels in charmonium
- Reducing pion mass - more channels ... going beyond two coupled channels remains a practical challenge

UNDERSTANDING THIS EXTENDED CHARMING FAMILY

Charmonium a beautiful arena to probe the strong interaction by studying XYZs

- Theory: Improving lattice calculations - underway!
- Experiment: current and near-future
 - e^+e^- : CLEO, BELLE II, BaBar, BESIII ; $p\bar{p}$: LHCb and medium-future
 - $p\bar{p}$: PANDA @ GSI ; Photoproduction: GlueX, ..., EIC?

What can EIC do?

- Photoproduction provides new avenues to explore XYZ states - complementary to current picture. Several proposals for XYZs in photoproduction

- $\gamma p \rightarrow Z_c^+(4430)n, Z_c^+ \rightarrow \Psi' \pi^+$ PRD77 (2008) 094005
- $\gamma p \rightarrow Z_c^+(3900)n, Z_c^+ \rightarrow J/\Psi \pi^+$ PRD 88 (2013) 114009
- $\gamma p \rightarrow Z_c^+(4200)n, Z_c^+ \rightarrow J/\Psi \pi^+$ PRD 92 (2015) 094017
- $\gamma p \rightarrow Y(3940)p, Y \rightarrow J/\Psi \omega$ PRD 80 (2009) 114007

- Hybrids - exotic J^{PC} not accessible in e^+e^- but could be studied in photoproduction (EIC?) and in $p\bar{p}$ annihilation (PANDA@GSI).

Lots of exciting physics opportunities!